Senate Study Bill 1127 - Introduced

SENATE FILE _____

BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE

ON JUDICIARY BILL BY

CHAIRPERSON ZAUN)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the theft of equipment rental property, and
- 2 making penalties applicable.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. Section 714.1, subsection 9, Code 2017, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 9. a. Obtains the temporary use of video rental property
- 4 or equipment rental property with the intent to deprive the
- 5 owner of the use and possession of the video rental property or
- 6 equipment rental property without the consent of the owner.
- 7 b. Lawfully obtains the temporary use of video rental
- 8 property or equipment rental property and fails to return the
- 9 video rental property or equipment rental property by the
- 10 agreed time with the intent to deprive the owner of the use and
- ll possession of the video rental property or equipment rental
- 12 property without the consent of the owner. The aggregate value
- 13 of the video rental property or equipment rental property
- 14 involved shall be the original retail value of the video rental
- 15 property or equipment rental property.
- 16 Sec. 2. Section 714.6A, Code 2017, is amended to read as
- 17 follows:
- 18 714.6A Video or equipment rental property theft evidence
- 19 of intention affirmative defense.
- 20 l. The fact that a person obtains possession of video rental
- 21 property or equipment rental property by means of deception,
- 22 including but not limited to furnishing a false name, address,
- 23 or other identification to the owner, is evidence that
- 24 possession was obtained with intent to knowingly deprive the
- 25 owner of the use and possession of the video rental property
- 26 or equipment rental property.
- 27 2. The fact that a person, having lawfully obtained
- 28 possession of video rental property or equipment rental
- 29 property, fails to pay the owner the fair market value of the
- 30 video rental property or equipment rental property or to return
- 31 or make arrangements acceptable to the owner to return the
- 32 video rental property or equipment rental property to the owner
- 33 within forty-eight hours after receipt of written notice and
- 34 demand from the owner is evidence of an intent to knowingly
- 35 deprive the owner of the use and possession of the video rental

1 property or equipment rental property.

- 2 3. It shall be an affirmative defense to a prosecution under
- 3 section 714.1, subsection 9, paragraph "a", if the defendant
- 4 in possession of video rental property or equipment rental
- 5 property pays the owner the fair market value of the video
- 6 rental property or equipment rental property or returns the
- 7 property to the owner within forty-eight hours of arrest,
- 8 together with any standard overdue charges for the period that
- 9 the owner was unlawfully deprived of possession, but not to
- 10 exceed one hundred twenty days, and the value of the damage to
- 11 the property, if any.
- 12 EXPLANATION
- The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
- 15 This bill relates to the theft of equipment rental property.
- 16 Code section 714.1(9) specifically includes the theft
- 17 of video rental property in the definition of theft. Code
- 18 section 714.6A provides further provisions about the crime of
- 19 video rental property theft, including provisions relating to
- 20 evidence of intention and affirmative defenses.
- 21 The bill amends Code sections 714.1(9) and 714.6A by
- 22 specifically including equipment rental property in the
- 23 definition of theft. Therefore, a person commits theft when
- 24 the person obtains the temporary use of equipment rental
- 25 property with the intent to deprive the owner of the property
- 26 without their consent, or lawfully obtains the temporary use
- 27 of equipment rental property and fails to return the property
- 28 by the agreed time with the intent to deprive the owner of
- 29 the property without their consent. The aggregate value of
- 30 the property for purposes of determining the degree of theft
- 31 committed is its original retail value. The fact that a person
- 32 obtains possession of the property by means of deception,
- 33 as specified in the bill, is evidence of intent to deprive.
- 34 The fact that a person, having lawfully obtained possession
- 35 of the property, fails to pay the owner its fair market

- 1 value or return the property within 48 hours after receipt
- 2 of written notice and demand from the owner is evidence of
- 3 intent to deprive. It is an affirmative defense if a person in
- 4 possession of the property pays the owner the fair market value
- 5 or returns the property to the owner within 48 hours of arrest,
- 6 as well as certain overdue charges.
- 7 A person who violates the bill is guilty of a class "C"
- 8 felony if the value of the property is more than \$10,000 or
- 9 if the theft occurs under certain circumstances. A person
- 10 is guilty of a class "D" felony if the value of the property
- 11 exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$10,000. A person commits
- 12 an aggravated misdemeanor if the value of the property exceeds
- 13 \$500 but does not exceed \$1,000 or if the person has twice
- 14 before been convicted of theft and the value of the property
- 15 is \$500 or less. A person commits a serious misdemeanor if
- 16 the value of the property exceeds \$200 but does not exceed
- 17 \$500. A person commits a simple misdemeanor if the value of
- 18 the property is \$200 or less.
- 19 A class "C" felony is punishable by confinement for no more
- 20 than 10 years and a fine of at least \$1,000 but not more than
- 21 \$10,000. A class "D" felony is punishable by confinement for
- 22 no more than five years and a fine of at least \$750 but not
- 23 more than \$7,500. An aggravated misdemeanor is punishable
- 24 by confinement for no more than two years and a fine of at
- 25 least \$625 but not more than \$6,250. A serious misdemeanor
- 26 is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and
- 27 a fine of at least \$315 but not more than \$1,875. A simple
- 28 misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than 30
- 29 days or a fine of at least \$65 but not more than \$625 or by
- 30 both.